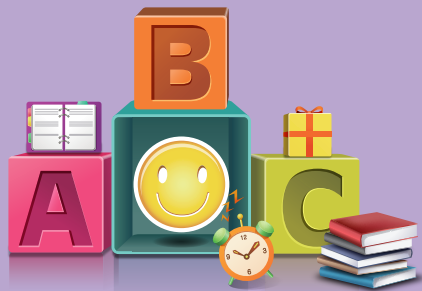


中等职业学校职教高考公共基础课配套学生用书

新课标



# 英语 同步学习辅导

拓展模块

中等职业学校职教高考  
公共基础课配套学生用书

英语 同步学习辅导  
拓展模块

主编 © 杨俊婷

湖南大学出版社

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主编 © 杨俊婷



责任编辑：严 朔  
封面设计：旗语书装



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# 英语

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·长沙·

## 内 容 提 要

本书以中等职业学校教育教学改革、提供课堂时效性为目标,以《中等职业学校课文课程标准(2020年版)》为基础,全面落实学生的主体地位,激发学生的自信,挖掘学生的潜力。

本书是与中等职业学校教科书《英语 拓展模块》相配套的学习指导用书,本书题目数量和难易程度适中,有助于学生巩固所学知识,进一步提高分析问题和解决问题的能力。

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# 前言

为帮助广大中等职业学校的师生更深入地理解《中等职业学校课程标准(2020年版)》的理念和要求,全面贯彻党的教育方针,践行社会主义核心价值观,落实立德树人的根本任务,培育英语学科的核心素养;在九年义务教育基础上,进一步激发学生的英语学习兴趣,使其掌握一定的英语基础知识和基本技能,为其以后的职业生涯、继续学习和终身发展奠定基础,特编写了本书。

本书为《英语拓展模块》的配套同步练习册。在编写过程中,我们主要做了如下工作。

## 1. 立足教材,巩固夯实基础知识。

本书紧扣单元任务,基于《英语拓展模块》每单元的语言基础知识而编写相应的练习,并兼顾综合能力的培养,帮助学生巩固已学知识,深入学习新知识。

## 2. 围绕话题,丰富拓展相关语料。

本书紧密围绕单元话题,丰富并拓展了相关语料。学生通过阅读与话题相关的文本,可以增强语篇意识,提高思维能力。

## 3. 紧扣课标,培育和提升核心素养。

本书秉持教材立德树人、培养学科核心素养的宗旨,在内容编排上兼顾职业特色和价值导向,创设真实情境,提供多维度、多语料的习题,以期提高学生的语言能力,引导其形成正确的价值观。

本书由长期工作在一线的中等职业学校骨干教师编写。由于编者水平有限,书中难免有不当之处,恳请广大师生在使用过程中提出宝贵意见和建议。

编者

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# Unit 1

## Taking a Training Course

### 单元目标和考点梳理

#### 单元目标

##### 具体要求与掌握的项目

1. 能明白终身学习的重要性;
2. 能明白选课的谈话内容;
3. 能针对学校的俱乐部或课程提出问题或给出建议;
4. 能读懂课程简介;
5. 会填写课程申请表。

语 言 点	I. 重点单词	
	名词	
	1. employee 雇员 3. requirement 需求, 必要条件 5. lecture 演讲, 讲座 7. internship 实习工作; 实习期 9. certificate 证书, 文凭	2. e-commerce 电子商务 4. gesture 手势; 姿势 6. admission 录取 8. accounting 会计 10. conference 会议
	动词	
1. register 登记; 注册	2. confirm 确认, 证实	
形容词		
1. elementary 初级的 3. academic 学术的	2. intermediate 中级的 4. senior 高年級的; (地位、级别) 较高的	

(续表)

具体要求与掌握的项目																													
语 言 点	II. 重点短语																												
	<table border="0"> <tr> <td>1. college entrance exam</td> <td>2. sign up for</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3. graduation ceremony</td> <td>4. new employee training</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5. prepare for</td> <td>6. come true</td> </tr> <tr> <td>7. share sth with sb</td> <td>8. hesitate to do sth</td> </tr> <tr> <td>9. communicate with sb</td> <td>10. plan to do sth</td> </tr> <tr> <td>11. get involved in</td> <td>12. be likely to do sth</td> </tr> <tr> <td>13. make sure</td> <td>14. chat with sb</td> </tr> <tr> <td>15. in addition</td> <td>16. life-long learning</td> </tr> <tr> <td>17. take part in</td> <td>18. apply for</td> </tr> <tr> <td>19. have a chance</td> <td>20. relate to</td> </tr> <tr> <td>21. get ready for</td> <td>22. belong to</td> </tr> <tr> <td>23. be interested in</td> <td>24. apart from</td> </tr> <tr> <td>25. in advance</td> <td>26. according to</td> </tr> <tr> <td>27. fill in</td> <td></td> </tr> </table>	1. college entrance exam	2. sign up for	3. graduation ceremony	4. new employee training	5. prepare for	6. come true	7. share sth with sb	8. hesitate to do sth	9. communicate with sb	10. plan to do sth	11. get involved in	12. be likely to do sth	13. make sure	14. chat with sb	15. in addition	16. life-long learning	17. take part in	18. apply for	19. have a chance	20. relate to	21. get ready for	22. belong to	23. be interested in	24. apart from	25. in advance	26. according to	27. fill in	
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	25. in advance	26. according to																											
	27. fill in																												
	III. 重点句型																												
	1. He is going to take a training course.																												
	2. I hope I can get a job in a company.																												
	3. What's your plan to make it come true?																												
	4. She loves reading and wants to join a reading club.																												
	5. This online course allows students to practice and focus on their individual needs.																												
	6. It's better to have a long-term study plan.																												
	7. Try to prepare for your test in advance.																												
	8. What an unforgettable class it is!																												
	9. How fast the boys ran!																												



## 考点梳理

1. This online course allows students to practice and focus on their individual needs. 该在线课程允许学生练习并专注于他们的个人需求。

(1) allow sb to do sth 允许某人做某事

E.g. My parents don't allow me to go out alone at night. 我父母不允许我晚上独自外出。

(2) focus on 专注于

E.g. We should focus on our study at school. 在学校我们应该专注于我们的学习。

2. He needs to learn some English so that he can communicate with local people when he travels abroad. 他需要学习一些英语,以便他出国旅游时可以和当地人交流。

本句中,so that 意为“以便”,引导目的状语从句;communicate with sb 意为“与某人交流”;when 意为“当……的时候”,引导时间状语从句。

E.g. You should work hard so that you can get good results in the final exam. 你应该努力学习,以便在期末考试中取得好成绩。

E.g. The novel is about a family who can't communicate with each other. 这部小说写的是一个彼此无法沟通的家庭。

E.g. He often helped me when I was in trouble. 当我有困难时,他经常帮助我。

3. Before sitting down to study, make sure you have all the things you need. 在坐下来学习前,确保你有所有你需要的东西。

本句中,before 意为“在……前”,为介词,后接动词-ing 形式;make sure 意为“确保”,其后为省略了 that 的宾语从句;you need 为定语从句,修饰先行词 things,在从句中作宾语,前面省略了引导词 that/which。

E.g. Before going to bed, make sure that you have brushed your teeth. 上床睡觉前,要确保你刷了牙。

E.g. I like the sweater( that/which) she bought yesterday. 我喜欢她昨天买的那件毛衣。

4. You are more likely to become tired if you read a book on a flat surface. 在平坦的桌面读书,你更可能会劳累。

本句中,be likely to do sth 意为“可能做某事”;if 引导条件状语从句。

E.g. The more you hurry, the less progress you are likely to make. 欲速则不达。

E.g. If you don't work hard, you will fall behind. 如果你不努力,就会落后。

5. Getting plenty of rest is very important. 获得足够的休息是非常重要的。

本句中,动名词短语作主语,谓语动词用单数。plenty of“许多”,既可修饰可数名词,又可修饰不可数名词。

E.g. Eating breakfast is a good habit. 吃早饭是一个好习惯。

E.g. Don't worry. We have plenty of time. 不要担心。我们有很多时间。

6. Apart from textbooks, pens and pencils, you may also need a dictionary. 除了教科书、钢笔和铅笔,你也许还需要一本词典。

(1) apart from 除了……外(还);此外;加之

E.g. It was a difficult time. Apart from everything else, we had financial problems. 当时是困难时期。别的一切都不说,我们财政上也有问题。

(2) may 也许;可能

E.g. That may or may not be true. 这可能是真的,也可能不是。

7. What an unforgettable class it is! 多么难忘的一节课啊!

本句是 what 引导的感叹句,结构为“**What+a/an+形容词+单数可数名词(+主语+谓语)!**”;what 引导的感叹句结构还有“**What+形容词+复数名词(+主语+谓语)!**”和“**What+形容词+不可数名词(+主语+谓语)!**”。

E.g. What a lovely girl she is! 她是一个多么可爱的女孩啊!

E.g. What cold water! 多么冰冷的水啊!

8. How fast the boys ran! 男孩们跑得真快啊!

本句是 how 引导的感叹句,结构为“**How+形容词/副词+主语+谓语!**”;how 引导的感叹句结构还有“**How+主语+谓语!**”。

E.g. How lucky she is! 她是多么幸运啊!

E.g. How he runs! 他跑得真快啊!

## 基础练习

### 词汇篇

一、语音题(从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出其画线部分与所给单词画线部分读音相同的选项。)

( ) 1. gesture      A. secret      B. degree      C. escape      D. lecture

- ( ) 2. certificate    A. confirm    B. client    C. circle    D. academic
- ( ) 3. academic    A. accounting    B. admission    C. attitude    D. account
- ( ) 4. register    A. terrible    B. polite    C. basics    D. tonight
- ( ) 5. appropriately    A. phone    B. conference    C. product    D. electronic

二、单选题(从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入画线处的最佳选项。)

- ( ) 1. To this day, all the generators which supply our modern world \_\_\_\_\_ electricity are based \_\_\_\_\_ Faraday's discovery.
- A. by; on                                      B. with; by  
C. with; on                                     D. on; with
- ( ) 2. The way \_\_\_\_\_ Betty described the whole incident is very unique and humorous.
- A. that                                          B. which                                          C. what                                          D. to which
- ( ) 3. The middle-aged woman is eager to know the \_\_\_\_\_ of this final-term examination.
- A. cause                                        B. excuse                                        C. result                                        D. reason
- ( ) 4. Training will enable you \_\_\_\_\_ a better job.
- A. to have                                        B. having                                        C. have                                        D. had
- ( ) 5. We should focus \_\_\_\_\_ the growth of youth.
- A. in                                                B. to                                                C. on                                                D. at
- ( ) 6. If you want to improve your English, never watch TV while you \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. study                                            B. will study  
C. are studying                                    D. studied
- ( ) 7. Jane's parents allow \_\_\_\_\_ Shanghai Disney next week.
- A. visit                                            B. to visit                                            C. visiting                                            D. visited
- ( ) 8. It's high time that we \_\_\_\_\_ the old temple.
- A. rebuild                                            B. will rebuild  
C. rebuilt                                            D. would rebuild
- ( ) 9. Mr Green requires that the students \_\_\_\_\_ a composition every other week.
- A. will write                                            B. would write  
C. shall write                                            D. should write
- ( ) 10. If you need a break, get up and walk around for \_\_\_\_\_ minutes.
- A. a few                                            B. few                                            C. a little                                            D. little

三、短文填空题(阅读短文,用括号内所给词的适当形式填空。)

Last weekend, my classmates and I visited a small village in the mountains. The view from the hilltop was amazing! We saw some stone houses with gray 1 (roof) and a big square in the center where villagers got together. Some students helped build a wooden bridge, while others chose to collect colorful leaves for art class. I took out my mobile phone to take photos. The smell of wildflowers made the air sweet, and we felt 2 (complete) relaxed. At noon, we set up a tent near a stream. 3 (we) teacher showed us a special calendar 4 (mark) local festivals. “Next month” she said, “We 5 (study) how villagers use natural materials”. Before leaving, I found an interesting stone like a heart. This trip taught us to enjoy simple joys in nature.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_\_

语法篇

单选题(从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入画线处的最佳选项。)

- ( ) 1. \_\_\_\_\_ beautiful a girl she is!  
 A. How                      B. What                      C. What a                      D. How a
- ( ) 2. You \_\_\_\_\_ be tired—you've only been working for an hour.  
 A. needn't                      B. won't                      C. can't                      D. may not
- ( ) 3. A good friend is someone you \_\_\_\_\_ share your pleasure and pain with.  
 A. must                      B. may                      C. can                      D. need
- ( ) 4. You don't make so much noise! I \_\_\_\_\_ hear the speaker very well!  
 A. needn't                      B. mustn't                      C. mayn't                      D. can't
- ( ) 5. —Mom, it's too hot. \_\_\_\_\_ I swim in the lake?  
 —No, you \_\_\_\_\_. It's too dangerous.  
 A. Could; couldn't                      B. Could; mustn't  
 C. Must; couldn't                      D. Must; mustn't
- ( ) 6. —No one passed the exam today.  
 —We \_\_\_\_\_ the exercises last night.  
 A. could go over                      B. should go over  
 C. might go over                      D. should have gone over

- ( ) 7. \_\_\_\_\_ fine day! We will go for a walk.  
A. What  
B. What a  
C. How a  
D. How
- ( ) 8. \_\_\_\_\_ you be happy!  
A. May  
B. Can  
C. Must  
D. Would
- ( ) 9. —Must we come tomorrow?  
—No, \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. you can't  
B. you needn't  
C. you mustn't  
D. you may not
- ( ) 10. What \_\_\_\_\_ it is!  
A. a heavy rain  
B. heavy rain  
C. a heavy rains  
D. heavy rains
- ( ) 11. —You \_\_\_\_\_ your teacher for help. He is kind-hearted.  
—Yes. A whole day was wasted.  
A. must have asked  
B. may have asked  
C. could have asked  
D. need have asked
- ( ) 12. \_\_\_\_\_ special classes we have this term!  
A. What  
B. What a  
C. How  
D. How a
- ( ) 13. It \_\_\_\_\_ last night, for the ground is wet.  
A. may rain  
B. can have rained  
C. might rain  
D. must have rained
- ( ) 14. You \_\_\_\_\_ him the news. He knew it already.  
A. mustn't have told  
B. couldn't have told  
C. shouldn't have told  
D. needn't have told
- ( ) 15. \_\_\_\_\_ the song sounds!  
A. How a sweet  
B. How sweet  
C. What sweet  
D. What a sweet

## 拓展提高

一、补全对话(从方框中所给的七个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项,其中有两项为多余的选项。)

A: Hi, Tara, congratulations!

B: Thank you, John. 1

A: Don't you know you got the highest score on this midterm math exam? I just can't imagine how you got full marks on it.

B: Highest score? Full marks? Are you kidding?

A: I'm not kidding. 2 He told me about it.

B: Yeah... That's great. How about you?

A: Oh, I didn't do well. I failed the math test again. 3

B: Take it easy, John. You just need to work harder. You shouldn't give up.

A: I know. But it's so difficult for me. 4

B: That's because you like English better than math. So you spend more time studying English.

A: That's right. 5 When I have problems with these exercises, I just give up.

- |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <p>A. I hate math.</p> <p>B. How did you know that?</p> <p>C. I never have such problems in English.</p> <p>D. I can give you some advice.</p> <p>E. But for what?</p> <p>F. I seldom do extra math exercises.</p> <p>G. I have just come back from Mr. Wu's office.</p> |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

二、完形填空(阅读下面的短文,从所给的每组 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出正确答案。)

A study found that happiness is partly affected by your genes. But 1 you're not usually a happy person, you can change that. According to experts, happiness is a 2. It's something that you can develop with continuing practice.

Following these tried-and-true tips can help you find happiness:

Practice accepting yourself. Don't 3 yourself to others. Everyone has different talents and abilities. It's OK that you're not like someone else. In addition, forgive yourself often. You

aren't 4, and you are your own worst critic.

Reduce screen time. The Internet is full of people who 5 beautiful. People online seem to lead 6 lives. Many people who compare to those images may result in feelings of discouragement.

Get outside for exercise. Nature helps to reduce 7. People who get up and move are usually 8 than those who don't. Just going on a walk can make a difference.

Limit the time you spend on the 9. Stay aware of recent events. But don't spend hours consuming news, which usually 10 negative stories and events.

As happiness is a choice, why not choose it? Life filled with love and joy will look brighter.

- ( ) 1. A. even if                      B. as if                      C. in case                      D. so that  
 ( ) 2. A. chance                      B. choice                      C. possibility                      D. ability  
 ( ) 3. A. connect                      B. relate                      C. compare                      D. consider  
 ( ) 4. A. unique                      B. special                      C. common                      D. perfect  
 ( ) 5. A. look                      B. sound                      C. feel                      D. touch  
 ( ) 6. A. exciting                      B. surprising                      C. moving                      D. encouraging  
 ( ) 7. A. distance                      B. helplessness                      C. stress                      D. hopelessness  
 ( ) 8. A. healthier                      B. more positive                      C. happier                      D. stronger  
 ( ) 9. A. news                      B. amusement                      C. work                      D. exercise  
 ( ) 10. A. includes                      B. separates                      C. gives                      D. describes

三、阅读理解(阅读下面的短文,从所给的每组 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出正确答案。)

A

<p>Dear Jenny,</p> <p>I'm going to take some important exams next month and I am really worried about them. I can't eat or sleep well. I keep thinking I may get bad grades. Please help me!</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Mary, 15 Chicago</p>	<p>Dear Jenny,</p> <p>My little brother refuses to let me watch my favorite TV show. Instead, he watches whatever he wants all the time.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">What can I do?</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Nina, 14 New York</p>	<p>Dear Jenny,</p> <p>My dad has got a new job and he works long hours. He often has to work at weekends, too. So we spend very little time together. I missed him.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">What should I do?</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Jim, 13 Boston</p>
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Main parts of the two replies from the editor of the magazine *Students' Life* :

You should discuss this problem with your parents. Have you talked to your father? Surely, he misses you, too. Tell him how you feel, and perhaps he would spend more time with you. You can also ask your mother to do something fun with you when your father isn't home.

You shouldn't worry so much. If you study hard, you will do well. Try to relax, find time to go for walks and eat three healthy meals every day. Don't drink coffee or tea, or you won't be able to sleep. You'd better drink a glass of hot milk before going to bed.

- ( ) 1. What does Jenny do?  
 A. A teacher.            B. A doctor.            C. An editor.            D. An actress.
- ( ) 2. What problem does Jim have?  
 A. He missed his dad.            B. He worries about his dad.  
 C. He has to work at weekends.            D. He worries about his study.
- ( ) 3. What may be the proper advice to Nina?  
 A. Turn off the TV when her brother is watching it.  
 B. Find programs that they're both interested in.  
 C. Ask their parents to punish her brother.  
 D. Discuss the problem with her parents.

## B

A man was telling one of his friends why he was content with his married life. "My wife makes all the small decisions," he explained, "and I make all the big ones, so we never try to have too much influence in each other's business and never get annoyed with each other. We have no complaints and no arguments."

"That sounds reasonable," answered his friend sympathetically. "And what sort of decisions does your wife make?"

"Well," answered the man. "She decides what jobs I apply for, what sort of house we live in, what furniture we have, where we go for our holidays, and things like that."

His friend was surprised. "Oh?" he said. "And what do you consider important decisions then?"



“Well,” answered the man. “I decide who should be President, whether we should increase our help to poor countries, what we should do about the atom bomb, and things like that.”

- ( ) 1. The man was content with his married life because \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. he and his wife loved each other deeply
  - B. he has more power in family life
  - C. he and his wife were responsible for different things
  - D. he had many good friends
- ( ) 2. The man can decide \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. which house to buy
  - B. where to work
  - C. where to go for their holiday
  - D. none of above
- ( ) 3. We can tell from the story that \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. the man's wife has the final say in the family
  - B. the man has the final say in the family
  - C. the man's friend will follow his example
  - D. the man and his wife respect each other
- ( ) 4. Your choice of the title would be “\_\_\_\_\_”.
- A. A Man and His Friend
  - B. A Loving Husband
  - C. A Happy Married Life
  - D. A Choice for President

### C

Steve is James and John's big brother. One day, when their mum left for work, James and John started crying. They didn't want her to leave. Steve tried to stop them crying and said, “Let's play hide-and-seek. You hide and I'll count to ten. Then I'll try to find you.” Steve found James under a chair and John behind a door. They played over and over again. Each time, the two boys hid in the same places. Finally, Steve felt bored with the game. “Let's take a dog for a walk,” he said.

When Steve walked the dog, he found James and John were running in the street. he thought it was so dangerous. Then he had an idea, “Anyone who walks back to the house with me can have some snacks” he shouted.

At home, the boys ate some cookies and got ready for a sleep. James and John wanted a story. Steve told them the story about the little red hen. When their mum returned home, she

was pleased to find the three sleeping boys.

- ( ) 1. James and John started \_\_\_\_\_ when their mum left home.  
 A. crying                                                  B. running  
 C. reading                                                 D. sleeping
- ( ) 2. Why did Steve feel bored with the game?  
 A. Because he was not good at it.  
 B. Because he didn't know where to hide.  
 C. Because his brothers made the room dirty.  
 D. Because his brothers always hid in the same places.
- ( ) 3. What were James and John doing when Steve walked the dog?  
 A. Staying in the house                                  B. Shouting at Steve  
 C. Running in the street                                D. Eating some snacks
- ( ) 4. How did their mum feel when she found the sleeping boys?  
 A. Angry                                                  B. Pleased                                                  C. Afraid                                                  D. Sad

#### D

Three men traveling on a train began a conversation about the world's greatest wonders.

"In my opinion," the first man said, "the Egyptian pyramids (埃及金字塔) are the world's greatest wonder. Although they were built thousands of years ago, they are still standing. And remember: the people who built them had only simple tools. They did not have the kind of machinery that builders and engineers have today."

"I agree that the pyramids in Egypt are wonderful," the second man said, "but I do not think they are the greatest wonder. I believe computers are more wonderful than the pyramids. They have taken people to the moon and brought them back safely. In seconds, they carry out mathematical calculations that would take a person a hundred years to do."

He turned to the third man and asked, "What do you think is the greatest wonder in the world?"

The third man thought for a long time, and then he said, "Well, I agree that the pyramids are wonderful, and I agree that computers are wonderful, too. However, in my opinion, the most wonderful thing in the world is this thermos."

And he took a thermos out of his bag and held it up.

The other two men were very surprised. “A thermos?” they exclaimed. “But that’s a simple thing.”

“Oh, no, it’s not,” the third man said. “In winter you put in a hot drink and it stays hot. In summer you put in a cold drink and it stays cold. How does the thermos know whether it’s winter or summer?”

- ( ) 1. The underlined word “thermos” in Chinese means “\_\_\_\_\_”.
- A. 电冰箱                      B. 洗衣机  
C. 电风扇                      D. 保温瓶
- ( ) 2. That the three men could not agree on what the world’s greatest wonder was because \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. they could not think of anything very wonderful  
B. they all had different ideas  
C. they could not prove that their opinions were right  
D. the journey ended too soon
- ( ) 3. The first man thought the pyramids were the most wonderful things in the world because \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. they were very beautiful  
B. they were Egyptian  
C. they had been built with very simple tools  
D. they could do mathematical calculations
- ( ) 4. The third man thought a thermos was the most wonderful thing in the world because \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. it lasted longer than the pyramids  
B. it cost less than a computer  
C. he thought it knew whether it was winter or summer  
D. the other two men were surprised when he told them about it

#### 四、书面表达

假定你是李华，在学校参加了一场关于终身学习(lifelong learning)的讲座。请你根据以下要点给你的英国朋友 Alan 写一封邮件分享此事。

邮件主要内容如下：

1. 讲座的主要内容；

2. 自己的收获与体会;
3. 希望对方分享相关经历。

注意:

1. 词数 100 左右;
2. 可以适当增加细节,以使行文连贯;
3. 开头和结尾已给出,不计入总词数。

Dear Alan,

I went to a talk about lifelong learning at school, and I want to share what I learned with you.

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Yours,  
Li Hua

# Unit 2

## Sharpening Your Skills

### 单元目标和考点梳理

#### 单元目标

##### 具体要求与掌握的项目

1. 明白努力是取得成功的重要品质；
2. 能理解技能比赛的谈论内容；
3. 能谈论参加比赛或志愿活动；
4. 能读懂关于实习经历的信件；
5. 能写关于实习经历的日记。

	I. 重点单词	
语 言 点	名词	
	1. stadium 体育场	2. consumer 顾客
	3. contest 比赛	4. competition 比赛
	5. resident 居民	6. automobile 汽车
	7. hospitality 招待;好客	8. committee 委员会
	9. recruitment 招募	10. colleague 同事
	11. supervisor 主管	12. attitude 态度
	动词	
	1. participate 参加	2. handle 处理
	3. shelve 把……放在架子上	

(续表)

具体要求与掌握的项目	
语 言 点	形容词
	1. individual 个人的 3. outstanding 杰出的 5. precious 珍贵的 7. oral 口头的
	2. talented 有才能的 4. timid 胆小的 6. positive 积极的 8. rewarding 有益的,值得做的
	II. 重点短语
	1. pay off 3. team player 5. major in 7. hand out 9. do sb a favor 11. make efforts 13. design for 15. with the help of 17. make progress in 19. in front of 21. hear from 23. by the end of 25. cooperate with
	2. floral design 4. put into use 6. on one hand... on the other hand 8. return to 10. show great passion for 12. prove to be 14. expect to do sth 16. at first 18. be/get familiar with 20. deal with 22. keep in touch with 24. in order to
	III. 重点句型
	1. Why do you choose to be a volunteer? 2. It was the first time he had taken part in the World Skills Contest. 3. It took him a whole day to complete his work. 4. He won not only because of his skills but also because of the Chinese style he chose for his design. 5. The activity usually ends at 12:00 noon. 6. Feel tired but happy. 7. I also realize how important it is to have a positive attitude toward work. 8. All of us took our job seriously and tried our best to do it well.

## 考点梳理

1. Sometimes we give lectures on traffic safety and environmental protection. 有时,我们做关于交通安全和环境保护的演讲。

本句为一般现在时,表示现在的习惯、经常发生的动作或存在的状态。常用的时间状语有 every day、often、usually、always、sometimes 等。

E.g. He often goes to school at 8:00. 他经常 8 点去学校。

2. It was the first time he had taken part in the World Skills Contest. 那是他第一次参加世界技能大赛。

“It is/was the first/second... time (that) sb has/had done sth.” 为固定句型,意为“那是某人第一/二……次做某事”。主句用一般现在时,that 从句用现在完成时;主句用一般过去时,that 从句用过去完成时。

E.g. It is the first time that I have made great progress in English. 那是我第一次在英语上有巨大进步。

E.g. It was the last time that he had been late for school. 那是他最后一次上课迟到。

3. It took him a whole day to complete his work. 他花了一整天时间来完成工作。

“It takes sb some time to do sth.” 为固定句型,意为“某人花费多长时间做某事”。

E.g. It takes me about three hours to finish my homework every day. 我每天写作业大约花费 3 个小时。

4. During his internship he showed great passion for what he was doing, made efforts to improve his professional skills, cooperated closely with his colleagues and proved to be a good team player. 在他的实习期,他对所做的事情表现出极大的热情,努力提高专业技能,与同事密切合作,证明他是一名优秀的团队合作者。

本句中,showed great passion..., make efforts..., cooperated..., proved... 为 4 个并列的谓语。show great passion for 意为“对……表现出极大的热情”;make efforts 意为“做出努力”;cooperate with 意为“与某人合作”;prove to be 意为“证明是”。what he was doing 为宾语从句,作介词 for 的宾语。

E.g. He is active and shows great passion for everything. 他十分活跃,对所有事情都表现出极大的热情。

E.g. We must make efforts to translate our ideal into reality. 我们必须努力把理想变为

现实。

E.g. The two groups agreed to cooperate with each other. 这两个组同意相互协作。

E.g. To his surprise, the drawer proved to be empty. 令他吃惊的是, 抽屉居然是空的。

5. This long-term internship program is designed for students who are learning hospitality management and want to gain related work experience. 这个长期的实习项目是为学习酒店管理和想获得相关工作经验的学生设计的。

本句中 is designed for 是被动语态; who 引导定语从句, 修饰先行词 students, 在从句中作主语。

E.g. A new library will be built in our city. 我们市将要建一座新的图书馆。

E.g. She is the girl who helped me yesterday. 她就是昨天帮助我的那个女孩。

6. However, the supervisor of the department told me that I had done a good job. 然而, 部门主管告诉我, 我做得很好。

本句中, 主句谓语用一般过去时, 从句动作发生在主句动作之前, 故用过去完成时。

E.g. When I arrived there, I was told that the train had left. 当我到达时, 我被告知火车已开走。

## 基础练习

### 词汇篇

一、语音题(从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出其画线部分与所给单词画线部分读音相同的选项。)

( ) 1. contest      A. committee      B. positive      C. consumer      D. cooperate

( ) 2. question      A. competition      B. suggestion      C. communication      D. education

( ) 3. colleague      A. gesture      B. great      C. gentleman      D. engage

( ) 4. precious      A. outstanding      B. outside      C. serious      D. group

( ) 5. attitude      A. colleague      B. consumer      C. minus      D. conduct

二、单选题(从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入画线处的最佳选项。)

( ) 1. He \_\_\_\_\_ ten yuan buying this book.

A. spent                      B. took                      C. cost                      D. paid



- ( ) 2. He has been looking forward to \_\_\_\_\_ to England for a long time.  
A. going                      B. to go                      C. go                      D. gone
- ( ) 3. \_\_\_\_\_ great progress they have made in their studies!  
A. What a                      B. How                      C. What                      D. How a
- ( ) 4. The fact is \_\_\_\_\_ he stole the car.  
A. which                      B. that                      C. what                      D. whether
- ( ) 5. My father would spend hours \_\_\_\_\_ the mirror trimming his beard.  
A. in front                      B. in front of  
C. in the front of                      D. in the front
- ( ) 6. Not only you but also I \_\_\_\_\_ interested in the cartoon called *Peppa Pig*.  
A. am                      B. is                      C. are                      D. be
- ( ) 7. I am not familiar \_\_\_\_\_ his character.  
A. at                      B. with                      C. to                      D. on
- ( ) 8. \_\_\_\_\_ his right hand was hurt, he wrote slowly.  
A. Because                      B. Because of                      C. For                      D. Although
- ( ) 9. With the help of my teacher, I got a chance to work \_\_\_\_\_ an intern in a big supermarket.  
A. as                      B. like                      C. alike                      D. since
- ( ) 10. I think I have learned a lot during the internship, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. do I                      B. don't I                      C. have I                      D. haven't I

### 三、短文填空题(阅读短文,用括号内所给词的适当形式填空。)

Liu Fang is a 28-year-old woman. She comes from Hefei. She couldn't walk because of her two bad legs at a young age. Her parents were busy   1   (walk), so she often stayed at home by herself. She was sad and scared.   2   (luck), she made some friends. They came to help her. A kind sister often taught her to read. She also showed her some nice   3   (painting) by a Chinese woman. Liu Fang started to paint and was interested in it. Books and art can make her   4   (good). Soon, she could paint quite well. Later, she joined in some painting competition and get some prizes. This made her hopeful and feel good about herself. Liu has a dream. She wants to start a studio. In this way, she can teach other people like her to paint. At the same time, she can show   5   (they) that they can do great things, too.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_\_

## 语法篇

单选题(从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入画线处的最佳选项。)

- ( ) 1. Last Sunday, my class \_\_\_\_\_ a school trip to the Western Mountain Park.  
A. have                      B. had                      C. will have                      D. have had
- ( ) 2. When I \_\_\_\_\_ to the cinema, the film \_\_\_\_\_ for 5 minutes.  
A. got; had begun                      B. get; will begin  
C. got; had been on                      D. got; has been on
- ( ) 3. When I arrived home, I \_\_\_\_\_ I had left my homework in the classroom.  
A. realize                      B. realized  
C. was realizing                      D. had realized
- ( ) 4. The experiment \_\_\_\_\_ by us next time.  
A. will do                      B. will be done  
C. is done                      D. will be doing
- ( ) 5. This kind of cloth \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. feels well                      B. is felt well  
C. feels good                      D. is felt good
- ( ) 6. The Greens \_\_\_\_\_ China for five years.  
A. has been in                      B. have been in  
C. went to                      D. has gone to
- ( ) 7. It \_\_\_\_\_ heavily when I left the cinema.  
A. was raining                      B. rains  
C. is raining                      D. will rain
- ( ) 8. The worker and writer \_\_\_\_\_ going to give us a speech next Saturday.  
A. is                      B. are                      C. have                      D. has
- ( ) 9. Look! Louis \_\_\_\_\_ on the floral design project.  
A. works                      B. is working  
C. worked                      D. was working
- ( ) 10. It is the most helpful advice that I \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. heard                      B. hear                      C. have heard                      D. had heard

- ( ) 11. This package needed \_\_\_\_\_ again.  
 A. being checked                      B. checked  
 C. to check                              D. to be checked
- ( ) 12. This cloth is cheap, but it \_\_\_\_\_ well.  
 A. is worn                      B. wore                      C. wears                      D. wearing
- ( ) 13. Great changes \_\_\_\_\_ in China in 20 years.  
 A. will be taken place                      B. was taken place  
 C. will take place                      D. were taken place
- ( ) 14. Since 1989, Project Hope \_\_\_\_\_ millions of young people from poor families  
 achieve their dreams of going to school.  
 A. will help                      B. helps  
 C. has helped                      D. is helping
- ( ) 15. Mr Green \_\_\_\_\_ London, but he will come back in two days.  
 A. has been to                      B. has gone to                      C. goes to                      D. will go

**拓展提高**

一、补全对话(从方框中所给的七个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项,其中有两项为多余的选项。)

A: How are you getting on with your English?

B: Not very well, I'm afraid.

A:   1  

B: I can't memorize the new words and the grammar is too difficult.   2  

A: Well, the most important thing is that you like learning English. You should often listen to English tapes. I think it will help you a lot.

B: OK. I'll try. But I can't understand the teacher when she speaks fast.

A: Well.   3  

B: Can it do any help?

A: It sure can.   4

B: Sounds great.

A: And you can also learn English by taking notes in class and reading a lot.

B: I see. There are many ways to learn English well.   5  

A: That's quite right.

- A. I need to work hard.
- B. Why don't you join an English-speaking club?
- C. It can improve your spoken English and your listening skills.
- D. I don't know what to do.
- E. What is difficult for you?
- F. Is learning English very easy?
- G. You should believe you can make progress in it.

二、完形填空(阅读下面的短文,从所给的每组 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出正确答案。)

The cartoon series Boonie Bears is   1   with people of all ages in China. Logger Vick, a logger, came to the beautiful Heilongjiang forest to cut down logs with Boss Li's   2  . But in the forest hid two terrible rivals(对手)-the forest owners, bear brothers! Briar and Bramble.

Looking at the forest that was   3  , bear brothers decided to fight with Logger Vick to protect the forest. Briar is so clever that he can beat Logger Vick   4  . Bramble isn't as clever as his brother but sometimes can also defeat Logger Vick with his brute force(蛮力). But the conning(狡猾的) logger cannot   5   so easily. The home defense lasted for a long time and Logger Vick tried various ways to defeat bear brothers and   6   logs, but he failed every time. Finally Logger Vick lost Boss Li's trust and gained   7  . The saying goes that doing good will be repaid and doing evil will be   8  .

The cartoon story   9   us an active topic in laughter, and two bears facing the failure bravely. It also   10   us to protect the forests, the environment, and the ecological balance in our everyday life.

- |                     |                |               |              |
|---------------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|
| ( ) 1. A. popular   | B. connected   | C. associated | D. helpful   |
| ( ) 2. A. money     | B. payment     | C. trust      | D. respect   |
| ( ) 3. A. protected | B. destroyed   | C. planted    | D. built     |
| ( ) 4. A. hardly    | B. difficultly | C. easily     | D. complexly |
| ( ) 5. A. escape    | B. run         | C. leave      | D. fight     |

- ( ) 6. A. cut down      B. put down      C. get down      D. sit down
- ( ) 7. A. something      B. anything      C. nothing      D. everything
- ( ) 8. A. punished      B. admired      C. appreciated      D. blamed
- ( ) 9. A. describes      B. means      C. explains      D. shows
- ( ) 10. A. demands      B. pleads      C. tells      D. orders

三、阅读理解(阅读下面的短文,从所给的每组 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出正确答案。)

## A

## Free Apps for Learning English

<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Speaking Pal</b></p> <p>Speaking English is important. Speaking Pal is one of the best Apps for English learners to practice speaking. It allows users to chat with thousands of native English speakers. In short, Learn English, Speak English.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Spell Checker</b></p> <p>Speaking English is easy, but writing it is often much more difficult. If you start to learn it, you will find you may get a lot of words misspelled. If you don't want this to happen, we suggest you should try it and correct your English spelling easily.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Learn English Video</b></p> <p>In Learn English Video, you'll find 2 thousand best videos offered on topics such as UK food and culture, everyday life and famous stories and poems. It can improve your English listening skills quickly.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Kobo Reading</b></p> <p>The free top-popular Kobo Reading App gives you right to Kobo's e-book store with 4 million e-books and magazines. Join millions of readers worldwide and read easily on your mobile phone or computer.</p>

- ( ) 1. Who can you speak with in Speaking Pal?
- A. Native English speakers.      B. Personal computers.  
C. Happy readers.      D. A English learning beginner.
- ( ) 2. How many e-books and magazines can you read in Kobo's e-book store?
- A. 2 thousand.      B. 2 million.      C. 4 million.      D. 4 thousand.
- ( ) 3. What can you use to help you with your writing?
- A. Speaking Pal.      B. Spell Checker.  
C. Learning English Video.      D. Kobo Reading.

## B

Jenny lived in a town. Her father Mr Young, had a shop there and sold clothes in it. The shopkeeper was born in a poor family and was in school no more than a year. He was always sorry for it though he had much money now. He hoped his daughter could become a scientist. But the girl didn't like anything else except singing. She often went to the concerts, bought a lot of records the famous pop stars made and insisted on listening to music when she was free. Of course she wanted to be a pop star, too. Her parents wanted to prevent her, but she didn't listen to them and they had to agree to her choice. They engaged an old man who was good at music as a private teacher.

Five years passed. Mr Young bought all kinds of musical instruments for Jenny and they visited some places where the famous singers were born. Of course he spent a lot of money on it. But he found the girl didn't make any progress. At last the teacher thought the girl couldn't become a singer at all and had to tell Mr Young about it. The man became angry and said, "Why didn't you tell me about it earlier? My daughter learned nothing but I paid you month after month!"

"I think you should thank me for it," said the teacher. "Another teacher, who teaches badly, is paid more than I was. And I saved much money for you!"

- ( ) 1. Mr Young was in school for a short time because \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. his family was too poor to support him  
B. he has to help his parents  
C. he was weak in his lessons  
D. he didn't like studying at all
- ( ) 2. Jenny spent much money buying records and went to the concerts in order to \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. visit some places  
B. know some pop stars  
C. become a pop star  
D. learn singing
- ( ) 3. The underlined phrase "musical instruments" in the story means "\_\_\_\_\_".
- A. 乐谱                      B. 乐器                      C. 乐章                      D. 乐队
- ( ) 4. Mr Young became angry because \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. he paid a lot of money to the teacher  
B. his daughter decided to drop music

- C. his daughter spent for years on music
- D. the teacher taught his daughter nothing

### C

People in the office usually sit for most of the day when they work. But this is bad for a person's health. When people sit for too long every day, they don't move very much. So it is easy to start getting fat. Sitting too long is also bad for their work because it makes them want to sleep. When this happens, people may make more mistakes in their work or spend more time finishing their work. Companies need workers to be healthy, so how do they fix the problem?

Some companies have different types of desks to help their workers. The first type of desk is the standing desk. The desk can be taller when a person wants to stand. It can also be shorter when the person wants to sit. Another type of desk is the walking desk. This desk is made so that a person can work while walking at the same time.

Workers in the companies like the different types of desks very much. They think these desks are quite useful.

- (    ) 1. What does the word "fix" mean in Paragraph 1?
- A. Cause.                      B. Solve.                      C. Bring.                      D. Discuss.
- (    ) 2. What do the workers think of the different types of desks?
- A. They are cheap.                      B. They are traditional.
- C. They are useful.                      D. They are expensive.
- (    ) 3. The purpose of the passage is to \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. tell us the reasons for sitting
- B. show the advantages of standing
- C. introduce desks that help people work better
- D. compare companies that provide different jobs
- (    ) 4. Which of the following best describes the different types of desks?
- A. Lower.                      B. Higher.                      C. Helpful.                      D. Beautiful.

### D

Everyone needs help sometimes. People depend on one another. That's why communities have special people ready to help people in need.

For example, what would we do without a community fire station? If a home catches fire, as the Jacksons' place did last week, it might be burned down and people might get hurt... or worse. We're so lucky to have firemen to come to save people and put out the fire safely.

And what about police officers? They protect our families, our homes and important things. The police have helped so many families this past year, especially saving people and pets and protect our houses and other things after the heavy rain.

Think about all the other service workers in this community. There are cleaners to collect rubbish and keep our community sanitary. We have road workers and they put up and repair traffic signs and fix holes in the streets to protect not just us, but our cars! And what would this community be without teachers in our school and the doctors and nurses in our community hospitals?

Think again about what we eat every day and what we wear every day. We cannot produce them, but we use them all the time. These tireless workers keep our community running. We get a lot from them and need them in the community. We depend on each other. Let's help each other. Only in this way can we make our community a better place.

- ( ) 1. What happened to the Jacksons last week?
- A. They couldn't find their pets.
  - B. Their car was badly burned.
  - C. Their house caught fire.
  - D. They couldn't find their keys.
- ( ) 2. What does the underlined word "sanitary" mean?
- A. Clean.
  - B. Safe.
  - C. Quiet.
  - D. Busy.
- ( ) 3. Which question could best help us find out the writer's purpose?
- A. Did the writer make us laugh?
  - B. Did the writer want us to do something?
  - C. Did the writer tell us about how to become a teacher?
  - D. Did the writer teach us what to do when the house is on fire?
- ( ) 4. What is the best title for the passage?
- A. Police Officers Save People's Lives
  - B. People Depend on Each Other
  - C. Service Workers Do Important Jobs
  - D. Workers Keep Community Running



## 四、书面表达

上周你和你的同学们参加了志愿者服务活动。你准备向校报投稿,介绍你们的活动经历,鼓励更多同学积极参与。请根据以下提示,写一篇短文进行投稿。

Voluntary work	At school...
	In the old people's home...
	...

注意:

1. 可在表格内容提示的基础上适当拓展信息;
2. 词数 80 左右(短文的开头已给出,不计入总词数);
3. 不得透露学校名、姓名等任何个人信息,否则不予评分。

My classmates and I took part in some voluntary activities last week and I would like to share them with you. \_\_\_\_\_

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中等职业学校职教高考公共基础课配套用书

# 英语同步学习辅导

拓展模块

参考答案

(赠送)

## Unit 1 Taking a Training Course

### 基础练习

#### 词汇篇

##### 一、语音题

1—5 DCCCA

##### 二、单选题

1—5 CACAC 6—10 CCCDA

##### 三、短文填空题

1. roofs 2. completely 3. Our 4. marking 5. will study

#### 语法篇

##### 单选题

1—5 ACCDB 6—10 DBABA 11—15 CADDB

### 拓展提高

#### 一、补全对话

1—5 EGACF

#### 二、完形填空

1—5 ABCDA 6—10 ACCAA

#### 三、阅读理解

A 1—3 CAB B 1—4 CDAA C 1—4 ADCB D 1—4 DBCC

#### 四、书面表达

Dear Alan,

I went to a talk about lifelong learning at school, and I want to share what I learned with you.

The talk was about how important it is to keep learning new things throughout our lives. The speaker said that learning never stops, and we need to stay competitive and adapt to the changing world.

I found the talk really useful. It made me realize there are lots of chances for me to learn and grow, and I should always be open to new things.

Do you have any thoughts or experiences to share about lifelong learning? I really want to hear them.

Yours,  
Li Hua

## Unit 2 Sharpening Your Skills

### 基础练习

#### 词汇篇

##### 一、语音题

1—5 BBBCB

##### 二、单选题

1—5 AACBB 6—10 ABAAD

##### 三、短文填空题

1. Walking 2. Luckily 3. paintings 4. better 5. them

#### 语法篇

##### 单选题

1—5 BCBBC 6—10 BAABC 11—15 DCCCB

### 拓展提高

#### 一、补全对话

1—5 EDBCA

#### 二、完形填空

1—5 ACBCC 6—10 ACADC

#### 三、阅读理解

A 1—3 ACB B 1—4 ACBD C 1—4 BCCC D 1—4 CABB

#### 四、书面表达

My classmates and I took part in some voluntary activities last week and I would like to share them with you. We helped clean up at school and hand out leaflets to let students take care of the environment. We also helped some junior students with their studies.

Then in the afternoon we went to the nursing home where many aged people live. We helped

them wash clothes and cooked meals for them. They told us some stories about their time. We also told them some interesting stories.

Although we were tired, we were happy. If I have the chance, I will take part in such activity again.

## Unit 3 Doing Our Part for the Environment

### 基础练习

#### 词汇篇

##### 一、语音题

1—5 DACAD

##### 二、单选题

1—5 ACDAC 6—10 BBDDDB

##### 三、短文填空题

1. himself 2. growing 3. larger 4. cities 5. healthy

#### 语法篇

##### 单选题

1—5 BADBC 6—10 BCCBC 11—15 CACBA

### 拓展提高

#### 一、补全对话

1—5 CEDAB

#### 二、完形填空

1—5 ACCAD 6—10 CAAAD

#### 三、阅读理解

A 1—3 ACB B 1—4 BCBD C 1—4 DACB D 1—4 ADCB

#### 四、书面表达

### The Green Planet

Now our environment is becoming worse and worse. More and more people have realized the importance of protecting the environment. It's our duty to protect our earth. In my daily life, I always turn off the lights when I leave a room. While I am washing my hair, I usually turn off the shower. Besides, if I want to go shopping, I always take my own reusable bags instead of using

plastic bags. I have decided to do more things to protect our earth, such as recycling books and paper, stopping using paper napkins and stopping riding in cars. It's good for us to ride bikes or walk to school. I always throw litter into the bin. I will make an effort to keep our public places clean. We can also plant more trees to improve the air around us.

In a word, I think one thing we should keep in mind is that no matter what a small effort we make, it does make a difference. Let's take action now!

## Unit 4 Corporate Culture

### 基础练习

#### 词汇篇

##### 一、语音题

1—5 CBCBA

##### 二、单选题

1—5 BBBDA 6—10 DBBBA

##### 三、短文填空题

1. is 2. is known 3. desserts 4. first 5. pollution

#### 语法篇

##### 单选题

1—5 DDBCD 6—10 BDCDC 11—15 ADBBA

### 拓展提高

#### 一、补全对话

1—5 BFCAG

#### 二、完形填空

1—5 ABCBA 6—10 BACDA

#### 三、阅读理解

A 1—3 BAC B 1—4 ADCC C 1—4 DDCA D 1—4 ABDC

#### 四、书面表达

Dear Jason,

How's it going recently?

Our school will have a lecture about basic knowledge of traditional Chinese medicine for the